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Editor - in - Chief
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Initiative by HULAHUL Foundation

HULAHUL'S MEGA TALENT FESTIVAL : KALA MAHOTSAV 2022

HULAHUL Foundation, Mumbai, organising its mega talent festival 'Kala Mahotsav - 2022' on October 2nd, 2022 at Marwari Vidyalaya High School, Charni Road (E), Mumbai. The main goal of this festival is to expose the hidden talents of secondary and higher school students and provide them with a platform to showcase their abilities.

HULAHUL Foundation (Hands United for Lifelong Aid and Human Upliftment Lever Foundation) was founded in 2012 with the goal of providing 'Education to One and All.' As a result, the foundation's activities were initially limited to education. However, in order to achieve overall social upliftment of society, the foundation organises various events throughout the year.

Mr. Ravi Singh, Chairman and Trustee of HULAHUL Foundation, believes that "At the early stage of life, if the secondary and higher secondary level students get the opportunity to develop their hidden talents, it will definitely be helpful for their overall development in the future, so the opportunity must be given to them by conducting such talent festivals as Kala Mahotsav."

As a result, the foundation introduced Kala Mahotsav in 2018 as an inter-school drawing competition with the goal of bringing out the students' hidden creative talent on paper. The organisation of this competition was just the Trust's first small step. From 2019, the foundation added many events to give students' talents a wider platform. During the lockdown period of the previous two years (2020 & 2021), the festival was also held online at the national level with the same zeal and enthusiasm. This year's Kala Mahotsav features a variety of events ranging from pictorial arts such as drawing and painting, literary arts such as Essay Competition and Elocution Competition, performing arts such as Music & Dance, and decorative arts such as Mehndi, through which participants will gain extensive exposure to the richness of India's various types of arts and are expected to instil a sense of pride and obligation to India's rich cultural heritage. The primary goal of organising Kala Mahotsav is to promote India's cultural heritage through the performing, literary, decorative, and pictorial arts. This year, the HULAHUL Foundation hopes to raise the level of competition by inviting more

HULAHUL FOUNDATION
Hands United for Lifelong Aid and Human Upliftment Lever Foundation
A Joy of Serving
Mumbai

Since 2012

PRESENTS

02nd October 2022

5th - 10th Std. Students Can Participate

KALA MAHOTSAV
An Inter-school Competition

- Art With Limited Resources (Drawing Competition)
- Express Yourself (Essay Writing Competition)
- Voice of Youths (Elocution Competition)
- Kalamkari (Hand Writing Competition)
- Heenakari (Mehndi Competition)
- Voice of HULAHUL (Singing Competition)
- Dancing Stars (Solo & Group Dance Competition)

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Venue: Marwari Vidyalaya High School, Charni Road, Mumbai.

schools from various South Mumbai wards to participate in Kala Mahotsav. Participants will be secondary school students in grades ranging from fifth (5th) to tenth (10th) grade. We hope that this creative expansion from the individual to the community contributes to society's overall development.

Events To Be Conducted Under Kala Mahotsav 2022

1. Art with Limited Resources (Drawing)
2. Express Yourself (Essay)
3. Voice of Youths (Elocution)
4. Kalamkari (Handwriting)
5. Dancing Stars (Solo & Group Dance)
6. Voice of HULAHUL (Singing)
7. Heenakari (Mehndi)

HULAHUL FOUNDATION INVITES ALL THE SCHOOLS IN SOUTH MUMBAI TO PARTICIPATE IN KALA MAHOTSAV & ARE REQUESTED TO GO THROUGH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION.

Instructions

- Call/Whatsapp on +9179770 05423 for registration.
- Registration is open until September 25th, 2022. On-the-spot registration is not permitted.
- Date of Submission: On or before September 28th, 2022
- Date of the Elimination Round: October 2, 2022
- Final Event Date: October 2, 2022 from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
- Marwari Vidyalaya High School, Opera House, Charni Road (E), Mumbai is the venue.
- If you have any questions, please call +91-8369001611/+91-7020872858 or email hulahulgrp@gmail.com.

A TRUST CREATED TO ACCORD THE HUMANITY!

The international day of sign language focus on educating people about the importance of sign language and demonstrate how it plays a significant role in the lives of the deaf and mute. It is past time to think about the plea of those who use sign languages to express their thoughts and emotions to their fellow humans. It is critical to take them into account as well. The humans without a language have been marginalized by society. The most serious issue is the difficulty in communicating with them using sign language. Those who use sign language are mocked by society. They were once thought to be odd. However, sign language has gained international acknowledgement and accord from people all over the world. Many people are still living in the dark. Thus, commemorating the International Day of Sign Language can help the general public recognize the significance and relevance of sign language.

This is an once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to protect and support cultural diversity and learn to value people's language's identities all over the world. The International Day of Sign Language can help people gain recognition for the sign language that they use. The ceremony of the international day can promote the recognition of the purpose of using sign language by facilitating the federation of deaf and non-deaf people. Both organizations can collaborate to ensure a seamless acceptance of the privileges of those who communicate using sign language. It is critical to have the ability to use sign language in all aspects of one's life.

People all over the world use over 300 different sign languages. People should be aware of the significance of sign languages. Sign languages are natural languages used by individuals all over the world. Sign languages differ architecturally with the spoken languages. It is critical to recognize the structural differences between sign language and the

spoken language. The structural differences between sign languages are notable.

Several latest studies have been carried out to investigate the importance of sign language. They must be handled as a full-fledged natural language rather than as an outlier. We can also use international sign language. Deaf people use this in

Persons with Disabilities was the first to recognize the importance of protecting sign languages. They must recognize the importance of sign language, and it is simple to advertise sign languages. It should be recognized in addition to the verbal language. The significance of sign language is equivalent to that of spoken language. Accepting sign language as a component of

acquisition and instruction in recognized institutions. Every citizen has a responsibility to preserve sign languages because they are an important component of the communication system.

The International Day of Sign Language is celebrated on September 23rd. The United Nations General Assembly has designated this day to commemorate the use and presence of sign language by individuals all over the world. The day acknowledges and recognizes the importance of top notch sign language teaching, sign language facilities, and sign language availability. It is a social goal shared by people all over the world. They should also be regarded as a component of the accomplishment of restructuring. It is worthwhile to learn the sign language because of its significance.

The World Federation of the Deaf (WFD) is the parent union of 135 national deaf associations. The World Federation of the Deaf suggested the day to recognize the importance of the various sign languages used by deaf individuals all over the world. On a daily basis, approximately 70 million deaf people use sign language. 97 United Nations Member States co-sponsored the mission. This was established in 2017.

The World Federation of the Deaf has announced the theme of this year's sign language. Many people are surprised by the theme. The theme, "We Sign for Human Rights," shows the importance of sign language and how the deaf and non-deaf societies should work with each other to combat the disparity and prejudice that many individuals face as a result of their use of sign language.



international conferences. On both formal and informal instances, they use this standardized form of sign language. They use this sign language to commute and socialize. It is important to note that sign language is used by deaf people. It only contains a few lexicons. It is a dialect form of the initial sign language that isn't as challenging as the normal sign language.

The General assembly on the Rights of

the system is essential. Sign language is used for interaction by people all over the world.

Those who use sign language are excluded from the centre of society and are relegated to the society's margins. Sign language should be entitled to equal standing. The linguistic identity of the deaf community should be carefully reviewed by the nation in order to promote sign language

THE VEER MARATHA – CHHATRAPATI SHIVAJI MAHARAJ

India has been through many rough tides in the past, our history has many signatory sagas of the brave leaders, who had sacrificed even their lives to set the nation free from cruelty coming from British rule and some coming from the invasion of Mughal.

As we roll back pages, we come across the valor of one such warrior, a well-known Maratha who is worshiped, and his praised glory is sung not just by Maratha but by every individual for his unique personality and heart-winning qualities were his bravery, witty skills, presence of mind, leadership quality and diplomatic approach. Yes! He was none other than our legendary hero born in the 17th century Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj, a source of inspiration to millions in the universe. He was born to great parent's mother Jijabai and Shahaji Bhoasale in 1630 AD in a fort of Shivneri near the Junnar (presently) Maharashtra, they named their precious jewel after the local deity name 'Shivai.'

At a very young age, Raje had the best mentor mother Jijabai as their father (Shahaji Bhonsale) used to be away so mother Jijamata took charge and taught the young lad stories from the epic Ramayana, Mahabharata, and Gita and created the roots of staying connected to heritage and culture. Dadoji Konddeo was Guru to Shivaji and trained him in welfare administration, weapons tactics on the war front like horse riding, bow arrows, and other weapons, and also languages like Sanskrit and Persian thus began a movement named 'Hindavi Swarajya' means Independence from foreign rule. After Dadoji Konddeo's death in 1647AD. Every thoughtful eye had Raje believed that he would be a great general in Adhil Shah's army like his father, but destiny had chosen him for a different plan the great warrior.

At the young age of 15, he took charge over the forts of Torna (Prachandagad), Chakan later named as (Sangramdurg) and Kondana (Sinhadgad) by bribing the Adilshahi commanders and later on forts of Bhiwandi, Thane, and Kalyan. He knew

that unity was strength and made a group of staunch supporters with the local peasants called 'Malvales' for caste barrier never reflected from his thoughts, for he saw great strength in them soon his deeds brought



mild tremors that ruffled the Sultanate of Adilshahi.

There were many braveries sagas of valor and one such is the Battle of Pratapgad fort. To nip in bud in 1659 AD, Badi Sahiba from Bijapur had sent Afzal Khan with an army of 10 thousand soldiers to destroy Raje. Afzal Khan was known for his hefty tall bulky personality and his inhuman behaviors, cruelty among women. To ignite a fire of his terror, he destroyed a lots of Hindu holy places of worship and started killing innocent civilians. Shivaji Raje employed the Guerilla tactics and hid in the fort of Pratapgad which was entirely covered with dense forest. Afzal Khan here played a murky plot and offered a peace negotiation to kill Raje. By a truce, when in the pretext of hugging tried to suffocate Shivaji Raje with his tight iron grip. But Raje was alert and through his intelligent and presence of mind and effective leadership armed himself and put the entire

army in the dense forest to block the escape route of enemy soldiers.

One of the best qualities of a leader is to strike when in the right place at the right

time and with the right person. When Afzal Khan tried to kill Shivaji Raje with an iron dagger during a hug, Raje too immediately acted backstabbing Afzal Khan with tiger claws and a dagger he tore apart Afzal Khan's stomach and killed a man twice his size. When Sayyad Banda attempted to attack Raje, Jiva Mahal responded with Danapatta killing Banda and saving Raje's life. The lesson that Raje taught us here that during the time of adversities act with confidence and courage and faith in Almighty God will do the rest.

In yet another incident when Shivaji Maharaj along with his elder son Sambhaji was kept under house arrest by cruel Aurangzeb, the motive behind being to make Raje physically and mentally weak and to kill them. But Raje never kneels in front of the consequences and just kept his peace of mind faced situation rather than then getting bogged down. He planned well, Shivaji feigned illness and made a humble

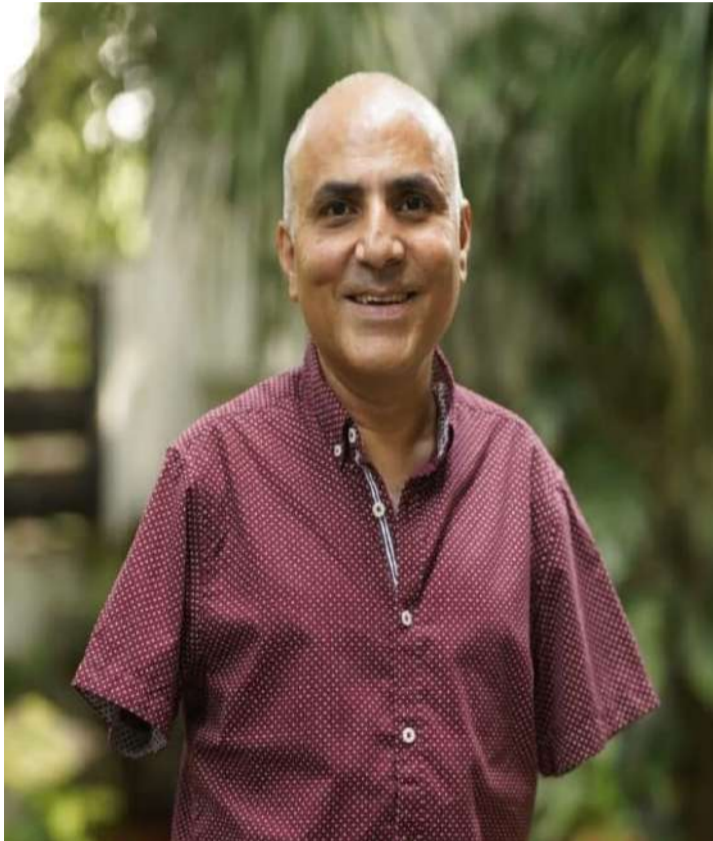
request to send sweets and gifts to saints and fakirs (beggars) in Agra in the pretense of his healthy recovery. While this went on daily, one day he disguised as a local laborer carrying a fruit basket on his head to escape along with his son and took a route passing from Mathura, Kashi, Gaya, and Puri and into the territory of Golconda and Bijapur before reaching Raigad. After almost six months, Raje on 6th June 1674 was crowned king of Maratha in a lavish Hindu ceremony with complete Vedic chanting customs which had not been followed for centuries, was revived.

Another important seed of value that he taught to every Maratha and every single person in his dynasty was to respect a woman, any kind of violence, harassment, or dishonor he would punish the culprit mercilessly. Even if it were the enemy wife or sister, he would return them with respect and honor. This was teachings of Jijabai that reflected as from childhood he heard the story of the bravery of Goddess and how Sanatana Dharma values a woman. To win over an Adharma one needs to be vigilant and diplomatic in approach, Jijamata had taught him all these tactics used by Lord Krishna on Kauravas and Chanakya Neeti which made Chandragupta Maurya Magadha empire.

The spark lit by Shivaji Maharaj became the Maratha empire whose borders went from Karnataka to Attock (Pakistan). Precious jewels like Shivaji never die but live as a spark forever enlightening in the hearts of people. Raje taught us to love and belong, not to discriminate between the rich and the poor, and treat everyone equally as humans. It's time back again to take a pledge and teach younger generations to inculcate these values into their lives and for further generations to come, for that's where the growth of a person is the output being the progress of a Nation.

VIKRAM AGNIHOTRI – CONTENDS IN BREAKING DOWN BARRIERS

INTERVIEW BY
PREETI SHARMA



Vikram Agnihotri

He is a car racer, a footballer, an aero model, a swimmer and also a person motivating many of us in everyday life with his achievements; he is Vikram Agnihotri, the man who has proven assumptions to be wrong with his determination.

Vikram Agnihotri story is unique in many ways; he holds several degrees and is currently pursuing his PhD in Disability and Economics. After passing the difficult CAT exam twice, he received a call letter from the IIM Ahmedabad, but was unable to seek admission to the MBA program. He can do anything with his foot, including writing, driving and eating. However, Vikram did not achieve this overnight. Vikram is 52 years and intends everyone to dream big and strive to achieve them. He credits all of his accomplishments to his family, especially to his mother who is the strength pillar in this long ride. "My parents never wept in front of me and always tried to force me to do everything that any individual may do"- said Vikram.

According to Vikram, a youngster can adapt to changes fast, whereas an older person becomes rigid, which is why children are very adaptable to new situations. His parents never overprotected him, and as a result, he grew in confidence and learned. Vikram life motto is "does it instead of assuming it." Perception weakens you, so don't perceive anything as Vikram Agnihotri told to The HULAHUL TIMES.

Vikram, was born in Gwalior in 1970, has always been a cheerful baby. In his family father an IPS officer, mother and an elder brother. The family moved to Raigarh when Vikram was 5 years old. Everything else was regular till one evening in June 1977, when Vikram came into contact with high tension wires. A spark occurred within seconds, and his arms were charged with 11,000 volts of current. He was immediately taken to Raigarh Hospital resulting in his hands were amputated. Yet his parents always pushed him. He asserted that he was privileged to have shoulders.

After the accident, his parents were concern about his education part and to initiate his education, she started practicing him to write in cursive writing books with



his foot. Although it was a very challenging and frustrating for Vikram as controlling your foot was not an easy thing, he suffered with back pains too; but never gives up. His mother was very patient and soothing factor here and never loses hopes for him. At that time there were no rehabilitation centers in Raigarh, so for the proper treatment his father went on deputation and

transferred to CISF Mumbai in 1978 and Vikram was admitted to a hospital and began attending a rehabilitation facility in Hajiali, a neighborhood in South Bombay. Other than education, his parents enrolled him in other activities too. After 6-7 months of his amputation, he learnt swimming in NSCI in Mumbai and along with games includes playing football and skating. Vikram adapted thing very quickly and according to him it was always a



motivating factor of his life.

Vikram's parents had always wanted to enroll both Vikram and his older brother Vivek in the same school, but it was difficult because since there was no concept of inclusive education at the time, which was a need for Vikram. But they soon found one school, Hill Grange High School, in which both the brother's received admission. In the rehabilitation centre, Vikram had the opportunity to meet the then Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, they had a conversation, and she showed a kind curiosity in Vikram, so she transferred his father to the London High Commission in the Ministry of External Affairs in 1980 for two years. Meantime, his parents discovered that a special healthcare was available in Germany, and he was admitted to an American school there. Due to a double promotion, Vikram finished his schooling at the age of 15.

Driving is always been a fascination for Vikram since childhood; but he had to rely on others to do so. He didn't have a license since then, and because of his amputation, he can only drive automatic cars due to their features. So, if he buys an automatic car and the RTO refuses to issue him license, the car would be useless. So

when Maruti launched a low-cost automatic car, his family decided to purchase it. Vikram learned to drive by himself quite shortly, but getting a license was still a challenge. However, looking at his driving skills, he was granted a learner's license, and later after a 15-month struggle and proven driving skills and ability he was granted a permanent license. He also met with Nitin Gadkari, the present Central Cabinet Minister, and requested him to kindly amend some changes to the licensing regulations; In September 2016, Vikram Agnihotri became the first Indian to receive a permanent driving license without hands and with efforts of Vikram the Motor Vehicle Act was changed to enable individuals with disabilities to achieve permanent licenses. This is mentioned in the Limca Book of Records. So far, Vikram has helped 16 disabled people obtain their driver's license. Vikram has received numerous awards from various organizations in recognition of his



excellent work in leading by example.

In 2017, Vikram has been invited in an FMSCI Malwa Adventure car rally and earned first place in the Car Amateurs category! This is how his career as a car racer began; he also competed in the Desert Storm Motor Rally in 2018 and placed third in the professional category with only his Maruti Celerio!

Vikram believes that achievement should not be underestimated by society's description. Conquering obstacles by believing that there will be no turning back is really what defines a person's accomplishments in life.

IIT MADRAS IS THE FIRST INSTITUTE IN INDIA TO PARTNER WITH THE IBM GLOBAL NETWORK

The Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Madras is the first educational institution from India to join IBM's global quantum network, taking the lead in creating a workforce that is quantum-ready. This recent partnership will make it possible for students, researchers, and associated businesses to employ cutting-edge quantum computing equipment to boost research and development. Since quantum computers need facilities that can operate at extremely low temperatures close to zero Kelvin (-273 degrees Celsius), IIT Madras will have cloud-based access to them. With this, IIT Madras has joined the IBM Quantum Network's 180-member worldwide community, which also consists of 53 academic institutions and start-ups, research labs, and Fortune 500 organizations. Additionally, the announcement is expected to support India's redoubled efforts to advance its National Mission on Quantum Technologies & Applications (NM-QTA).

The institute had already signed up with IBM's quantum education programme, which gave it access to its quantum tools, systems, and learning resources for both instruction and research. Over 10,000 people took part in a course on quantum computing

that was jointly provided by IBM Quantum and IIT Madras in August 2021 on the NPTEL Platform. Standard computers store data as a 1 or a 0, whereas quantum computers store data in qubits as either a 1, a 0, or both simultaneously, making them millions of times quicker than any traditional computer. The ability to solve various mathematical calculations and optimization problems is made possible by this.

Quantum computers can assist in addressing a variety of emerging concerns that the existing classical or even supercomputers cannot, such as drug discovery, the search for materials for electric vehicles (EVs), sustainability or climate change issues, or even just increasing corporate efficiency. It has the potential to resolve the most challenging mathematical issues, according to Amit Singhee, head of IBM Research India, on Monday. However, the Chennai-based institute's top priorities will be to work on improving fundamental algorithms in fields including finance applications research, quantum machine learning, quantum optimization, and security for quantum communications.

IIT MADRAS INTRODUCES AN E-MOBILITY PROGRAMME FOR PROFESSIONALS IN THE WORKFORCE

For working professionals, the Indian Institute of Technology, Madras has introduced an e-Mobility programme. The deadline for registration is September 30. The course will cover the principles of the e-mobility ecosystem as well as technical topics including power electronics, battery engineering, thermal management, power trains, EMI/EMC, etc. On October 2, the course's classes will start. The certificate programme was developed with consultation from professionals in the field and will be updated regularly in response to changes in technology, consumer demand, and market conditions. The Centre for Outreach and

Digital Education (CODE), IIT Madras, is the institution providing the programme. Before delving into technical details, eco-system details on global and Indian market trends, technological trends, regulatory trends, and supply chain trends will be taught. Director of IIT Madras, Professor V Kamakoti, stated that the institute began a dual degree programme in EV Engineering last year, but it was only for BTech students. As the auto business is expanding quickly and the focus is turning to electric vehicles, they also received inquiries from people in the industry about the need to re-skill and up-skill a number of their employees.

CHILDREN IN INDIA ARE BEING FORCED OUT OF SCHOOL BY "HIDDEN HUNGER," BUT MICRONUTRIENTS CAN HELP SOLVE THE PROBLEM

Due to the high rates of disease and disability, micronutrient deficiencies, often known as "Hidden Hunger," have an adverse effect on health, learning capacity, and productivity. This reinforces the vicious circle of malnutrition, underdevelopment, and poverty. Almost a third of the world's population suffers from micronutrient deficiencies, making it a significant public health issue in the nation. Nutritional deficiencies in India contributed to about 0.5% of all deaths. The most prevalent micronutrient deficiency, anaemia, impacts between 50 and 60 percent of preschoolers and women.

Micronutrients, which include vitamins and minerals, are defined by the World Health Organization (WHO) as substances needed in much smaller amounts than macronutrients like protein and carbs. For human bodies to

manufacture the hormones, enzymes, and other chemicals that control growth and development, micronutrients are essential. A child's and adolescent's overall health, growth, neuropsychological behaviour, cognitive and motor development, intelligence quotient (IQ), attention, learning, memory, linguistic skills, and even academic success are all negatively impacted by mineral and vitamin deficiency. Enhancing educational performance, especially of girls who would eventually become the mothers of the next generation, would help reduce the intergenerational effects of malnutrition. The problem of micronutrient deficiency persists despite the Indian government's efforts to address it by implementing food fortification, dietary diversity, nutritional education, vitamin supplementation, and environmental sanitation and hygiene management.

TELANGANA TO BECOME HOST TO FIRST FOREST UNIVERSITY IN INDIA

The University of Forestry (UOF) Act 2022 was adopted on Tuesday by the Telangana legislative assembly. The University of Forestry (UOF) will be the nation's first institution of its sort. This will be the third forestry university in the globe, with the other two being in China and Russia.

The Forest College and Research Institute (FCRI) in Hyderabad will be upgraded by the Telangana government into a full-fledged university. It is suggested to launch an additional 18 programmes, including PhD, diploma, and certificate programmes in urban forestry, nursery management, agroforestry, tribal livelihood enhancement, forest entrepreneurship, climate-smart forestry, and management of forest parks, once the FCRI is upgraded to a university. The university

will support action research by giving the farmers thorough training. According to the government, the university's objective is to produce qualified forestry professionals for the conservation and sustainable management of forest resources, as well as to foster research and develop effective techniques for plantation crop propagation to meet industrial and domestic demand.

In addition to traditional forestry operations, the university will endeavour to create agro-forestry models suitable for various agro-ecological circumstances in order to lessen strain on natural forests, improve economic conditions in farming communities, and improve environmental conditions.

INDIAN TECH MARKET SIGHTS A NEW ENTRY

Vedanta - an Indian multinational company founded by Anil Agarwal having its main operation in Oil, Iron, Ore, Gold, Aluminum mines announces the new Vedanta Foxconn semiconductor plant to be set up in Gujrat. He also made a tweet on Tuesday claiming that "Vedanta's landmark investment of 1.54 lakh crore will help make India Silicon Valley a reality," The pandemic had resulted into global chip shortage of \$60 billion into automobile industry, computer industry and the other



similar industries.

What is a Semiconductor (Chipset)?

A Chipset acts as the motherboard's communication center and traffic controller; it ultimately determines what exactly is compatible with a motherboard inclusive of the CPU, RAM, hard drive and the graphic card. It is a crucial component of an electronic device which in the long run helps to build a technically strong economy.

Vedanta JV with Foxconn.

India's oil to metals conglomerate Vedanta and Taiwan's electronics manufacturing giant Foxconn publicized on Tuesday the plan of setting up a semiconductor (chip) and display FAB manufacturing unit in Gujarat. The Memorandum of Understanding was signed on Tuesday with the Gujarat Government to set up the unit in the State. The MOU was signed in the presence of Ashwini Vaishnaw, the Minister of Railways, Communication, Electronics and Information at Gandhinagar. Mr. Anil Agrawal further tweeted that "our vision of creating a robust manufacturing base in India. It will reduce our electronic imports and provide 1lakh direct skilled jobs to our people". He also professes that he will not only create a sustainable semiconductor but will contribute to higher exports to other countries as well. He is confident of getting the global orders once both the units set up as it already has made fab glasses in Japan, Taiwan and South Korea

Why Gujarat?

Mr. Anil Agarwal has also explained why he chooses Gujrat for the investment over Maharashtra, Karnataka and Tamil Nadu. These states were also trying hard to get the deal but in the last leg of negotiations in recent weeks, Gujarat pipped Maharashtra to the post. Vedanta obtained financial as well as non-financial subsidies including on capital expenditure and cheap electricity from Gujarat to build the semiconductor plants. While lobbying for the incentives, Vedanta had sought 1000 acres of land free of cost on a lease of 99 years, water and power at concessionary and fixed price for 20 years and will soon start in Ahmedabad. Vedanta has submitted two proposals one, JV with Foxconn and second on its own for display fabs, it is among the five companies which has applied governments for 76000 crore incentive schemes for development of semiconductor and display manufacturing ecosystem in the country. India's semiconductor market is estimated to reach \$63 billion by 2026 from \$15 billion in 2020. Most of the worlds chip output is limited to a few countries like Taiwan and late entrant like India is now actively luring companies to usher in new era in electronic manufacturing as it seeks for ways to have seamless access to chips.

RUPEE COOPERATIVE BANK FAILS



The Reserve Bank of India has canceled the banking license of Pune based Rupee Cooperative Bank on Wednesday 10th August 2022. And further directed the registrar of cooperative society to liquidate the bank. Rupee cooperative Bank has been closed since 22 September 2022. The Rupee cooperative Bank was formed in 1912, by late Shri Govind Rao Dharap, Late Shri Keshavrao Doke, Late Shri Kalurambhau Naik who got motivation to get converted into a cooperative society by the work of late Mr.

Lokmanya Tilak. The bank had celebrated platinum jubilee anniversary in 1986-1987. It received scheduled statue in 1988.

Reason for the Cease.

In a press release issued on 10th August, RBI marked the reasons for canceling the license of the bank. The Bank does not have adequate capital and earning prospects. It does not comply with the provisions of Sec 11 (a). Under the provisions of Section 11 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and section 22(3) (d). The Bank has also failed to comply with the provisions of sec 22 (3) (a), 22(3)(b), 22(3)(c), 22(3)(e) of Section 56 of Banking Regulations Act 1949. RBI further added that, continuation of the bank will be prejudicial to the interest of the depositors. The bank with its present financial position will be unable to pay its current depositors in full, public interest would be adversely affected if the bank is allowed to function any further.

Efforts to Retrieve the Bank.

RBI had issued notice to Rupee cooperative bank in 2013 and issued directions under the Banking Regulations act before canceling its license. All Banking activities like withdrawal were suspended and the director the senior officials and the veteran cooperative banker Vidyadhar Anaskar were put in charge. Sudhir Pandit was subsequently appointed as the Administrator. He took a number of steps to revive the bank including filing the criminal cases against the defaulting Directors, employees and seizing their property. RBI also extended the license of the bank every three months as these steps were being taken. Administrators even tried to merge the bank with a financially stable bank, but the bad debts scared away most of the suitors. The Maharashtra state cooperative Bank had expressed its interest in the merger but unfortunately it was not cleared by RBI.

Effect on Depositors Money.

The limiting of withdrawal by RBI had made things difficult for the depositors, as cooperative banks are preferred by people of lower income group. The big question before the 5.5 lakh depositors now is about the fate of their money. RBI has said that depositors with Rs 5 lakh or less in the bank (in form of any financial instrument like fixed deposit or saving account etc.) would get back all of their money through the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee corporation (DICGC). According to RBI more than 99% depositors are entitled to get their full amount of deposit from DICGC.

UNLOCKING THE BENEFITS OF THE LIFE SCIENCES THE WHO WAY...

On 13th September 2022, the World Health Organisation (WHO) issued the Global guidance framework for the use of the life sciences. This is the first global, technical framework which addresses the decades long challenges of preventing the accidental and deliberate misuse of biology and other life sciences. It aims to improve global health offered by life sciences and related technologies. The framework outlines the need for anticipatory and responsive governance mechanisms, including foresight approaches, which are participatory and

multi – disciplinary ways of exploring trends, emerging changes, systematic impacts and alternative futures. The life sciences include all sciences that deal with living organisms and the environment or products of living organisms. The life sciences also include biology, biotechnology genomics, proteomics, pharmaceuticals biomedical research technologies etc. Dr. Swaminathan WHO Chief Scientist opines that Life Sciences and technologies offer many opportunities to improve our health, our societies and our environment. The developments and advances in life sciences and associated technologies however could pose risks caused by accidents during experiments, inadvertent and deliberate misuse. The frame work covers issues such as preventing misinformation, as well as managing large health data sets, increasing awareness and capacities for bio risk management, navigating the particular challenge etc to help to manage risks.

VEMBANAD LAKE : A PLIGHT

Vembanad lake which is located in Kerala is the second largest wetland after the Sundarbans in West Bengal. It is one of the largest lakes in Kerala and the longest in the districts of Alappuzha and Ernakulam. This lake is a source of livelihood for farmers of Kuttanad and the fisherfolk community since ages. But the lake is gradually shrinking and undergoing ecological degradation due to pollution and unauthorised constructions on its banks, posing a threat to its unique biodiversity. As per the various studies conducted over the years and the opinion by various ecological experts, the lake is facing serious environmental degradation issues due to the recurring floods, increased pollution, reduction in water spread area and

increased weed growth. The Vembanad lake was declared the Ramsar site in 2002. But, since than hardly anything has been done to protect the wetland. As per the comments of Mr. A M Ariff, the state government is taking steps, but it is not enough. A lot of projects were announced with regard to conservation of the lake, but they are yet to be implemented. The CPI(M) MP also stated that the lake was being encroached upon by the residents living along its shore as well as those running resorts to extend their properties.

INDIA TO LAUNCH SATELLITE INTERNET SERVICE



Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) and Hughes Communication a satellite internet provider have tied up together to bring the country's first High-throughput satellite (HTS) internet service. This service will deliver high speed broadband across the country, including the remote areas that are beyond the reach of terrestrial networks. This will help in connecting enterprises and government networks. ISRO's (GSAT)-11 and (GSAT)-29 satellites will be used to offer the services. Dr. Somnath, Secretary, in ISRO said that ISRO has always been committed to

exploring and expanding the ways with private sector to help to improve people's lives and bridge the digital divide, he also added that with the new HTS capabilities that are powered by ISRO satellites, excellent quality broadband services will be provided which will enhance the connectivity experience and accelerate the digital transformation. According to Mr. Chatterjee, senior vice-president of Hughes Communication India, it is expected to offer internet connectivity bandwidth between 2 - 10Mbps. They can go even much higher, if there is industry demand for it. According to his affirmation the service was being tested for the past one year in selected areas, such as Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh. However, there may be obstacles such as rain and forest cover which may hinder the uninterrupted service, but these could be the hurdles that the eventual evolution of satellite internet technology will look to solve.

ELECTRONIC BANK GUARANTEE BY HDFC

To expedite the issue of Bank Guarantees for the customers, HDFC Bank will be migrating to the Electronic Bank Guarantee (e- BG). HDFC will become the first bank in India to issue e- BG. To be a recognised bank that offers a distinctive customer experience, digitisation is an essential enabler, said the group head in operations of HDFC bank. e- BG eliminates the physical documentation that is associated with a bank guarantee and it is available digitally to the beneficiary. Also, it will help the bank to provide guarantees to its business customers faster and safely through e- guarantees. The e-BG has been developed to simplify the process and eliminate the possibilities of fraud and manipulation. The paper-based bank guarantees take 3-5 days for completing the physical process from the bank, e-BG on the other hand will be much faster. E-guarantees deliver increased safety because the authenticity of electronic signatures can be easily checked, as it is issued as a PDF with a secure qualified electronic signature placed by two authorized bank representatives. HDFC bank has been building new competencies to run and expand the bank. One of the important elements of the bank's digital strategy is to develop new competencies. The bank is committed though to designing products to make digital banking simple, secure and contextual.



PRANAV ANAND AND ILAMPARTHI, TWO INDIANS, WIN CHAMPIONSHIPS IN CHESS



The World Youth Chess Championship's Open under-16 and under-14 divisions were won by Indian players Pranav Anand and AR Ilamparthi, respectively. The top-seeded Anand, who on Thursday became the 76th Grandmaster in the nation, won handily with nine points after 11 rounds. He had half a point advantage over the competition. M Pranesh, a fellow countryman of Anand and the second seed, tied for third place with three other players and scored eight points. Through the 11 rounds, Anand went undefeated and recorded seven victories in contrast to four draws. He defeated

Armenia's Emin Ohanyan in round 10 before drawing with France's Droin Augustin in the 11th and final round. Contrarily, Pranesh had six victories and four draws. However, Ohanyan's victory in round six hurt his chances of winning the championship. Ilamparthi, like Anand, had 9.5 points after 11 rounds, putting him half a point ahead of the competition. He lost to Artem Berin of Ukraine in the fourth round, but he still won nine games and drew one to win the championship. Sohan Kamotra finished in 14th place in the Open under-18 competition with 7 points, while S Harshad (6.5 points) had to settle for 24th. Mrityika Mallick, a girl, placed fourth in the girls under-14 division with 8 points. Additionally, Anupam M. Sreekumar and H. G. Pragnya earned positions seven and eight, respectively. S Kanishka finished sixth in the girls under-18 competition with 7.5 points, while Rakshitta Ravi came in eighth with the same number of points.

INDIA WILL COMPETE IN THE DAVIS CUP PLAYOFFS FOLLOWING ITS 3-0 LOSS TO NORWAY



Hosts Norway advanced to the World Group qualifiers by defeating India 3-0 in the Davis Cup World Group 1 match in Lillehammer. India must now participate in the World Group 1 playoffs in order to continue competing. India needed to win the only doubles rubber of the match on Saturday after dropping both of their matches on Friday. India fielded Yuki Bhambri and Saketh Myneni as a partnership with Rohan Bopanna out injured. The team has performed well at the Challenger level, winning five titles in men's tennis' second tier this year. Despite the excitement, they couldn't overcome the World

No. 2 team of Casper Ruud and Viktor Durasovic. Both teams suffered early breaks in the first set, showing that tension was present from the start of the match. Myneni was broken by Norway, who won the set 4-2 overall. The Indian pair planned a comeback in the second, winning India's first set of the round by earning the only break of the set in the sixth game. Though Ruud and Durasovic fared better in the third set, they managed to break Bhambri's serve for the first time in the match to complete a 6-3, 3-6, 6-3 victory.

THE TOURNAMENT'S MOST VALUABLE PLAYER IS CAPTAIN VANLALPEKA GUTE

On Wednesday, September 14, 2022, at the Racecourse International Stadium in Colombo, Sri Lanka, India finished off a clinical performance to win the SAFF U-17 Championship title, defeating a 10-man Nepal 4-0 in the Final. India also retained the SAFF U-15 Championship title. Twelve minutes later, Gute was back in the action, adding another assist to his tally as he played a through ball to Korou Singh, who needed only to round the goalkeeper and score. With the second goal, Nepal stepped up its attack on the Indian half, but the Indian midfield was able to thwart their efforts. India completed the remainder of the first half with the man advantage before continuing play after the change of ends. Gute quickly scored his own goal in the 63rd minute, when his left-wing cross swerved into the top corner, giving India a three-goal lead after earlier providing two assists. In the final seconds, Nepal's substitute Dhan Singh did create a few chances for his team, but India was able to thwart the attempts thanks to their one-man advantage. Aman, an Indian substitute who came on in the second half, scored India's fourth goal in stoppage time after being put through behind the Nepal defence. By the time the match was over, India had successfully defended their title, so the outcome was clear. The most valuable player of the competition was India's captain Vanlalpeka Gute, while Sahil was named the best goalkeeper.



ENGLAND WOMEN VS INDIA WOMEN, 1ST ODI: MANDHANA LEADS INDIA TO WIN IN SERIES OPENER AT HOVE

After being given the opportunity to bat first, England scored 227 in the first innings, largely due to Alice Davidson-Richards' first ODI fifty. Amy Jones' team had something to bowl at thanks to appearances from Sophie Ecclestone (31), Sophia Dunkley (29), and Charlie Dean (29*). With the help of Dean's outstanding catch, Kate Cross struck early to dismiss Indian opener Shafali Verma, but India's three scorers—Yastika Bhatia (50), Harmanpreet Kaur (74), and Mandhana—got them over the finish line to take the opening lead in the Royal London Series. On a track that favoured spinners with the ball keeping low, Alice Davidson Richards led England to a competitive total of 227/7 with an unbeaten 50 off 61 balls. The Indian bowlers performed admirably but let in runs late in the game. Jhulan Goswami, Meghna Singh, Rajeshwari Gayakwad, Sneha Rana, and Harleen Deol each took one wicket, with Deepti Sharma taking two. India was pleased with Smriti and Yastika's efforts in the second half because they helped the Powerplay end on a positive note despite losing Shafali Verma's wicket in just two overs. Both batswomen appeared to be in excellent condition in the middle as their fifty-run partnership came to an end after Yastika was cleaned up by Dean after the 19th over. Before Harmanpreet made her fifty, Mandhana was dismissed, for being just 9 runs away from her century, in the 37th over, which was also her 17th ODI half-century. In the 40th over, India had already reached 200 runs. India was led to the finish line by Harmanpreet's six! India won the opening game by a score of 7 wickets. Prior to the second Royal London International on Wednesday, the two teams will now travel to Canterbury.



EXPERT



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FAQs ON STRESS MANAGEMENT

Q1. What is trust? How can we define it?

Ans. Trust is unconditional faith, firm belief in the dependability, genuineness, or ability of someone or something. Trust is the act of placing confidence in self, someone or something. Trust is an emotional brain state, not just an expectation of behaviour. It is a fundamental human experience. Trust is necessary for a society to function. The gates of peace in society open only with the keys of trust. Freedom comes from unconditional trust. Trust is unconditional faith, there is no partial, 90%, 99%, either you trust or you don't! Trust can't be negotiated. Those who don't trust you before the explanation won't trust you completely even after the explanation.

Building trust is a process. Trust results from consistent and predictable interaction over time. At home and at work, you build trust with others each time, when you choose integrity over

image, truth over convenience, honour over personal gain and working with each other. According to psychologists the four key components of trust are compassion, candour, competence, and certainty. Love is trust and trust is life. Love and trust helps us to control over emotions for sure.

The benefits are far greater than the alternative. Let me share a story to explain the power of trust. A boy named Neel and a girl named Lima were playing together. Neel had a collection of marbles. Lima had some sweets with her. Neel told the Lima that he will give her all his marbles in exchange for her sweets and Lima agreed. Neel kept the biggest and the best-looking marble to the side and gave the rest to the Lima. Lima as promised by her gave him all her sweets. That night, Lima slept calmly. But Neel couldn't sleep as he kept thinking if the Lima had concealed some sweets from him the way he had hidden his most excellent marble. If you don't give your cent percent in a relationship, you'll always doubt about others. Always try to figure out the other person has given his or her hundred percent or not. This is applicable for all the relationship – Friendship, Family, at work, Love. Be Truthful and take pleasure in every moment of life. Be trustworthy. Social scientist explain that building trust is essential in modern times and suggested Five C's for building unconditional trust:

- **Consistency:** Trustworthy people consistently practice their values, regardless of situations. For example, the key aspect of trust is the degree to which leaders walk their talk and do what they state they will do.
- **Competence:** Competence is our ability to do something resourcefully and fruitfully. Past performance predicts future performance. We ultimately build people's trust in our competence through our accomplishments over time.
- **Clarity:** People know what you expect from yourself and others. Creating clarity plays a critical role in building trust.
- **Commitment:** Never make hope-so commitments. Always do what you say. Commitment is the number one thing a leader can demonstrate to build trust.
- **Connection:** Trust is a relational being. Connect is as important as talent. Build connection by communicating and collaborating more. While communicating begins the process of building trust, connecting is what creates a bond of trust.

Trust is the key of your life's happiness; it is the key to Relationship, accountability and Respect. Never let go trust. Never let go happiness. Being Trustworthy is one of the most important qualities in life. Being trustworthy is about being honest and authentic. It is about acting with integrity, showing consistency, and being credible. It is the quality on which all relationships are built. Develop the power of trust, stay blessed.

AN INITIATIVE OF HULAHUL FOUNDATION

FEELING STRESSED? NEED A SOLUTION



Ask the EXPERT

The HULAHUL Times is giving an opportunity to our readers who find that stress is affecting their daily life and needs professional help; can ask maximum two(2) questions to our panel of professional experts and counselors and get advice and health tips from them.

Every Monday you will get answers to your questions which will be published in our E-newspaper without revealing your identity.

Just get ready with your questions and email it on stressmanagementhulahul@gmail.com

or DM your questions on our instagram handle [@hulahul_foundation](https://www.instagram.com/hulahul_foundation).

Please note:
Only selected questions will be answered

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QUIZ TIME

1. In which nation will the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) Summit be held in 2022?
2. Which Indian zoological park has been ranked highest most recently by the Central Zoo Authority?
3. What nation will host the 2022 World Water Congress and Exhibition?
4. What number of medications are on the "National List of Essential Medicines (NLEM)"?
5. The "All-India Official Language Conference" would be held in which place in 2022?
6. Which planet vanished from view on September 14 as a result of the 'Lunar occultation' phenomenon?
7. In which National Park is India planning to reintroduce cheetahs from Namibia?
8. Which organisation claimed in its research that 50 million people are trapped in "modern slavery" globally?
9. Where in India will the "National Defense MSME Conclave and Exhibition" be held?
10. What Indian Armed Forces exercise was called "Parvat Prahar"?

GUESS

The Sports

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 

- Answers**
1. Uzbekistan
 2. Padmaja Naidu Himalayan Zoological Park, Darjeeling
 3. Denmark
 4. 384
 5. Surat
 6. Uranus
 7. Kuno Palpur National Park
 8. The United Nations' International Labour Organization (ILO)
 9. Kota
 10. Indian Army

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- Answers**
1. Gomti
 2. Tripiti
 3. Shipra river
 4. Sarawati river
 5. Ganga river
 6. Satluj river
 7. Brahmaputra river
 8. Krishna
 9. Yamuna river
 10. Bramhmaputra