

# The HULAHUL Times

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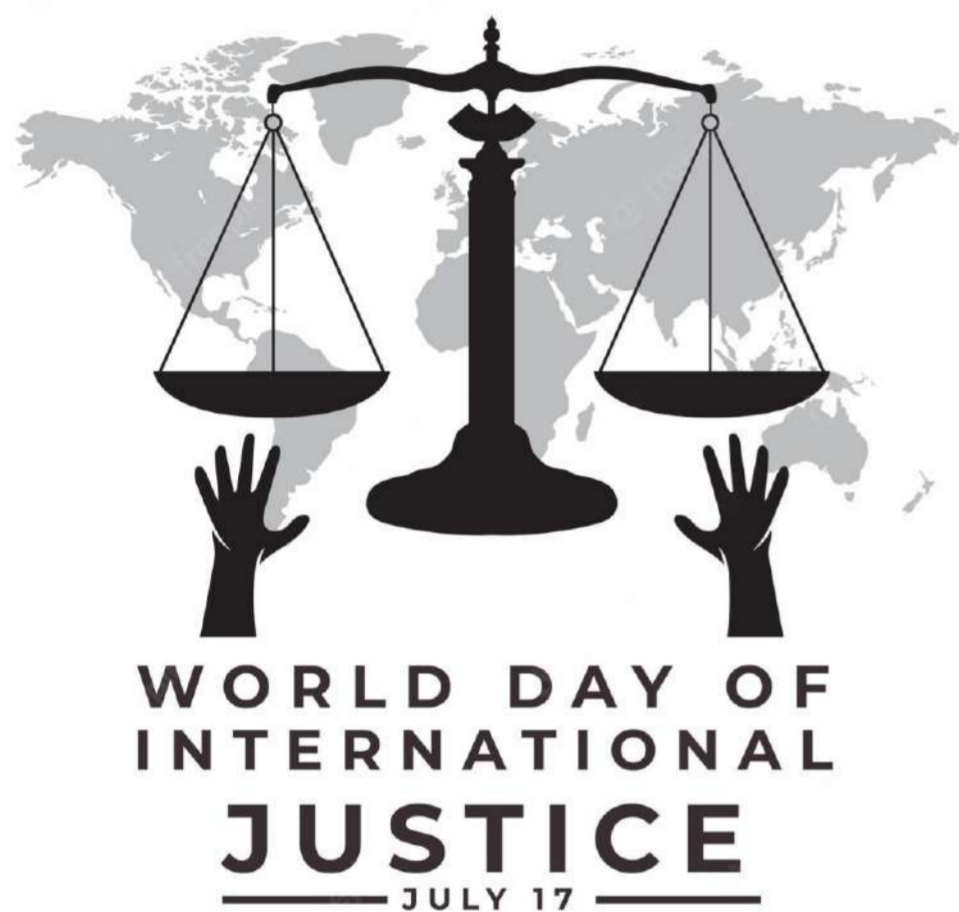
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## A CONTRIBUTION TO GLOBAL PROSPERITY



The necessity of securing justice for victims of war criminals, terrible crimes, and atrocities is highlighted on World Day for International Justice. It is also known as International Justice Day or International Criminal Justice Day. The day brings together all people who want to uphold justice, advocate survivors' rights, and aid in the prevention of crime that undermines the country's peace, prosperity, and well-being. The Court's establishment marked the completion of a protracted process of developing procedures for the peaceful implementation of disputes and conflicts. The Day is commemorated to raise a voice against social injustice and to bring together many groups around the world to abolish poverty, racial and biological inequality, illiteracy, and religion discrimination in order to create a properly inclusive society. Members of the coalition around the world celebrate this day in solidarity with victims of serious crimes everywhere.

than substitute, national courts as a final court of appeal. The International Criminal Court (ICC) is the world's first permanent international criminal court, regulated by an international agreement known as the Rome Statute. The International Criminal Court (ICC) was founded with the assistance of this treaty. Since that day in 1998, over 139 countries have signed the Court's treaty, and roughly 80 States, representing every part of the world, have recognized it.

This is the first institutional and autonomous independent arbitration entity capable of trial people suspected of most flagrant offenses of international humanitarian and human rights law, including genocide, crimes against humanity, and war crimes. When numerous states approved a law in Rome, the International Criminal Court (ICC) was born. This law is known as the International Criminal Court's Rome Statute. But let emphasize that the ICC does not supplant national courts, but it is accessible whenever a country is unable or unwilling to begin an investigation and punish culprits.

This day is observed because it would be critical to raise public awareness and unity in favor of justice, as well as to advocate survivors' entitlements. The day though brings an opportunity for worldwide people to discuss important matters. It also defends individuals from diverse crimes and cautions all who endanger the nation's tranquility, safety, and well-being. Different events are being held all around world to commemorate this day and to promote the International Criminal Court (ICC). This day seems sponsored by a number of news outlets, publications, and radio stations. Several organizational groups draw people's attention to certain concerns such as violence against women, genocide, and so forth.

The international community has formed a variety of regional and global bodies to defend international law. The International Court of Justice, the European Court of

Human Rights, and the International Court are among them. They all contribute significantly to a sustainable and just global system. It reinforces following organizations. The International Court of Justice (ICJ), the United Nations' principal judicial body, is regulated by the supremacy of rules and makes a major contribution to the pacific peace process between countries. Its decisions and body of principles have made it a pillar of the international legal order. The increasing number of legal cases and issues brought to the ICJ demonstrates how often the entire international community trusts it. It recognizes the ICJ's jurisdiction and urges all governments to do so as well.

People suspected of international crimes such as atrocities, human rights violations, war criminals, and invasion are prosecuted before international criminal tribunals. It backs the International Court, which it considers as critical to combating injustice and promoting and upholding international humanitarian law and civil rights. It likewise sponsors other international criminal tribunals that have been established for a brief time to investigate crimes in certain territories.

The court was inspired by the arbitrary international tribunals established in the 1990s to investigate horrific criminal acts in the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda. The Rome Statute, the court's founding instrument, was ratified in July 1998, and the tribunal commenced operations in 2003. Since that day, the ICC has made significant progress in drawing widespread attention to the need for impunity by pursuing cases stemming from investigations in the Central African Republic, Darfur, Sudan, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Uganda. However, the court has had performance bottlenecks, such as the defendant's inability to submit appropriate documentation for judgments.

The ICC has also experienced significant political attacks and judicial obstacles, such as a lack of cooperation for charges and inadequate resources from ICC member nations to meet its rising burden. As human rights crises characterized by international crimes become more common, the court's mission has proved to be both more necessary and more difficult to fulfill than its creators anticipated.

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# THE COMBINED FORCE OF KNOWLEDGE AND WISDOM

The most significant and vibrant element of every nation's people is its youth. Countries with high levels youth population are likely to experience severe progress if they concentrate in young children's learning and development. Without the need for a doubt, today's young people will be the inventors, visionaries, and leaders of the world. Although they do, need the essential assistance in terms of possibilities and talents to change the future and govern a country to its pinnacle.

India is a young nation, with 64% of the total population of working age. Whereas other countries' populations, particularly China and Japan, are ageing, India's numbers remain young and primed for future. And a level of financial development is directly proportionate to the amount of qualified labour around, and India has enough of them ready to be taught.

The United Nations General Assembly established World Youth Skills Day on July 15, 2014, to highlight the strategic value of training of individuals for work, dignified labor, and innovation. And since, World Youth Skills Day has given a different platform for interaction among young people, technical and vocational education and training (TVET) institutions, businesses, companies' and employees' groups, lawmakers, and development agencies. World Youth Skills Day 2022 takes happen in the midst of effective coordination to emerge from the COVID-19 outbreak, which is intertwined with threats of climate change, violence, chronic poverty, increasing inequality, accelerated technological development, demographic change, and many others.

Young women and girls, young disabled people, individuals from lower-income families, rural areas, indigenous peoples, and minority groups, including those affected by violent war and political instability, tend to be marginalized for a variety of reasons. Furthermore, the recession has hastened various shifts that the working world had already been going through, adding layers of ambiguity about the talents and capabilities that will be in need once the crisis comes to an end. Youth aged 15-24 account for 1.2 billion people across the world, with that proportion expected to rise to 1.3 billion by 2030, with certain nations and regions witnessing significant growth, or so-called "young bulges." Every month, almost one million young people from India and Sub-Saharan Africa entering in the working population. This puts increasing pressure on economies and societies to create more and stronger opportunities for young people, as well as the skills needed for those positions. Well before the COVID-19 catastrophe struck in 2020, young people were 2 to 4 times more likely to be jobless than elderly people, with over 230 million youth – largely women – not in

occupation, education, or training.

The World Youth Skills Day in 2021 reminded us that delivering good training and development resources for students should continue to be the leading policy goal worldwide. Too many countries, particularly those with low incomes, continue to struggle to provide adequate basic education. Even prior to the outbreak, 53% of 10-year-olds in poor nations were in "intellectual poverty," unable to read and interpret a simple paragraph. At the very same time, the employment market of the 21st century requires extremely sophisticated skills as so many jobs undergo mechanization of monotonous or regular work. This implies that education systems are under pressure to teach skills like flexibility, resilience, challenge, and technological abilities, in addition to functional literacy and numeracy and practical expertise.

Due to academic closures and insufficient preparation in most nations could provide continuation of education and learning, COVID-19 has exacerbated the training and skills crises. As a consequence, this generation of teenagers, particularly those from low-income families, risks losing a projected \$16 trillion in earning potential. Children and young people in low-income homes, demoralized minority groups, refugees and forced migration, and girls are by far the most likely to be impacted by this issue. Young women have had to carry an excessive part of family chores, and they are more likely to be victims of gender-based aggression, forced marriages, or early pregnancies, all of which reduce their chances of going back to school.

Given the enormity of the obstacles, the year 2021



spurred an outpouring of inventiveness for professional growth. When schools and training centers were closed due to the pandemic, skills and training providers adopted methods for the production and formed novel collaborations purpose of providing knowledge to youngsters. There is an opportunity to reflect on the lessons acquired from this encounter and to leverage the possibilities of digital learning in a methodical and responsible way. There are two noteworthy takeaways, to commence, skills development approaches must be adapted to the opportunities for skill demands of a hugely diverse population in order to encourage sustainable and inclusive development and prevent further broadening of human resources gaps. Second, in order to achieve their purpose and meet the employment market ambitions of young people, education and training systems must become more adaptable and adaptable to changing circumstances.

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# A MISSION OF GLOBAL PEACE THROUGH EDUCATION



backfired." And thousands of voices emerged from the hush." Following her speech, the United Nations has recognized July 12 as Malala Day, contradicting Malala's statement that "Malala Day is not my day." This is the day for each woman, every man, as well as every girl who has fought for freedom." Malala has also earned the United Nations Human Rights Prize and the Liberty Medal in addition to this distinguished award. Malala eventually started her education at Oxford. Following the incident, Malala and her family relocated to Birmingham, United Kingdom, to enable her receive medical treatment. Her entire family has thus relocated to Birmingham, anticipating retaliation from violent organizations in Pakistan. Despite experiencing such suffering and agony, Malala initiated her battle and pushed for the necessity of schooling for all girls and women.

Malala Day was created to celebrate Malala Yousafzai, but as she has stated, it is also a day to highlight global support for education rights. On Twitter, celebrities like Michelle Obama and organizations like UNESCO, Girls Who Code, and Muslims for Peace have made several allusions to #MalalaDay. Many groups also observe Malala Day as a chance to emphasize the vital effort being conducted in this field of education. Malala Day also provides an excellent chance for corporations, schools, and citizens to understand more about Malala's and other young activists' efforts.

Malala Day focuses on education, particularly education for girls, who have traditionally been ignored in school. The purpose was to gain a more specific estimated number of students who were not in school. There seems to be no improvement in lowering out-of-school time using the strategy. In 2018, there were 258.4 million children, adolescents, and teenagers who were not attending school. Sub-Saharan Africa has the highest incidence of exclusions and out-of-school rates for all age groups. An education is deprived to 19% of primary-school-age youngsters. According to the preliminary report, we are still a long way from comprehensive primary and secondary school accessibility.

Unfortunately, COVID-19 has disturbed girls' education. UNESCO released a new data sheet, which discovered that approximately 11 million girls may not return to school. Girls aged 12 to 17 in lower-income countries are far more risk of dropping out. This is particularly disturbing in countries such as Benin, Cameroon, Mali, Pakistan, and Senegal, where the least girls attend school for an average of less than two years. The pandemic has also had an impact on the educational funding.

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Despite development and modernization, women are under-educated in many countries across the world. Educating a girl is the same as learning a family. Malala Yousafzai is one of many countries, organizations, and worldwide influencers who encourage education and sovereignty around the world.

Malala Yousafzai is an educational activist who, at the age of 17, has become the youngest woman to win Peace Prize in 2014 after overcoming a Taliban attempted assassination. She was born on July 12, 1997, in the Pakistani town of Mingora, in the Swat Valley. Her father, Ziauddin, owned a girls' school and wanted to ensure that his daughter had schooling comparable to that of a boy. Her hometown was a prominent tourist destination.

Malala actively campaigned for educational rights when she was only 11 years old, in 2008. Her involvement included writing blogs for the BBC. Malala's school was closed down by the Taliban in 2009. Knowing the difficulties, she continued speaking up and had become well-known on a global scale. Archbishop Desmond Tutu proposed her for the International Children's Peace Prize in 2011. As the Taliban attempted to seize control over the

area, things started changing. She became a supporter for girls' education while she was still a youngster, prompting the Taliban to issue a murder sentence on her. Malala Yousafzai was not allowed to visit school as a child. But she declined to remain at home and advocated for schooling, and she was nearly slain for doing so.

A Taliban terrorist invaded Malala's school bus in 2012 and shot her in the head, but she survived. Malala addressed a speech to the United Nations on the topic of education programs on her 16th birthday in 2013, while carrying the late Benazir Bhutto's scarf. The same year TIME Magazine named Malala one of the world's most prominent and motivating people across the world. Malala was also been awarded by the United Nations Human Rights Prize and the Liberty Medal after that year. Malala was designated a co-recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014 for her efforts advocating for equitable educational opportunities for all children. She was the youngest Nobel Laureate at the age of 17 of her time. Malala has graduated from Oxford University in 2020 with a degree in philosophy, politics, and economics.

She remarked of the Taliban's assassination attempt, "They hoped the gunshots might quiet us, but they





## AMRAPALI'S TRANSFIGURATION AS BUDDHA'S DISCIPLE

**A**mrapali is the most glorious character of all time in Indian history. Unwavering determination was immanent in her, she grew up to be an eminent juggernaut in the field of dancing and her elegance made it imminent for her. Therefore, she was known as a great dancer and philosophical thought-oriented woman. Unaware of the whereabouts of the details of her parents Amrapali was founded abandoned at the foot of a mango tree. At that time Vaishali was the only first established republic empire in the ancient world and was the famous capital city of the Lichhavi republic.

Amrapali was an erudite Minerva, her self-love endeared her to everyone and she was an extraordinarily beautiful and charming woman at a very young age. Her pulchritudinous seemed to tantalize every noble and wealthy man who sought her company to appease their desire. The set of conditions made her acclaim the status of nagravadhū, which meant a city courtesan. Back then in ancient times, it was also a custom to live as a courtesan, and for the republic Lichhavi, Amrapali was a byword of beauty and charm. When this news was disseminated to the emperor Bimbisara. He was immediately infused with the thought of wanting Amrapali as his consort. His attachment to Amrapali was the reason for the angst and that espoused his cause to inveigh against the Vaishali. It was when Amrapali came to know about the behind story of attacking Vaishali. Then she set off to meet Bimbisara and put her request forward



asking him to leave Vaishali. Honoring her request Bimbisara gave her a marriage proposal following which he left Vaishali and later married her. After a few years, she gave birth to a son, named Kondanna. When the boy grew up he started developing an interest in Buddhist preachers, and thereafter, became a monk.

When Ajatashatru rose to power and became the emperor of Maghada. He also attacked the Vaishali but got injured severely during the battle. With the force of the grieving situation, Amrapali was compelled to treat the injuries of Ajatashatru. When she was taking care of Ajatashatru, her exquisiteness enchanted him, and eventually, he also fell in love with her. Soon when the news spread to the people of Vaishali's alleyways it became the word on the street. Then furious people beat her and cudgeled her to death as a punishment and later imprisoned her. When Ajatashatru came to know about the news of her imprisonment it infuriated him. People's behavior towards Amrapali angered the Ajatashatru and he wanted her to

be set free. In the process of her extrication, he began trampling everyone who confronted him and ravaged the city, and treated the people of Vaishali cruelly. Amrapali felt so wretched and dejected about the unsettling situation and finally decided to turn down the love of Ajatashatru.

Lord Buddha was well informed about the Amrapali and had known her story from his disciples of Vaishali. One day Buddha went to Vaishali. By having Buddha in Vaishali, all the devotees overjoyed and visited to see and paid their reverence to him. The appearance of Lord Buddha was pleasing to the dancer and she reconciled with her happiness. Then she sent a word to Lord Buddha to come to her home, to which lord Buddha acquiesced and accepted the invitation. Afterward, Lord Buddha went to her home, which was a mango grove. Her virtue of godliness became ingrained as an embodiment of equanimity, therefore, accumulating praise for her. Lord Buddha was impressed and known about her salvation in life. But the reminiscence of her past brought disappointment, she was ashamed of her past and wanted to start everything afresh. So she begged before Buddha to lead a life of salvation. Buddha was kind to her request and accepted her as his disciple. Since then she was popularly known as Buddha's disciple.

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## NEED OF THE HOUR

**I** woke up today morning with the alarm bell. Got on to my daily chores. Bathing, washing, cooking and so on. Being an adult, there are innumerable responsibilities that I share. Today was a special day as it made me realise the need of the hour!

Daily on my way, I come across a number of people. Some friends, some relatives, some strangers. Many a times it so happens that I do come across some people but they aren't of my acquaintance, but still I know them. On my way to work I see them, smile at them and move ahead. There have been times I bumped into strangers. I courteously apologised. They too nodded in consent and we walked our ways.

At work place, I was as always very courteous to my colleagues, displaying the highest values of understanding, patience and kindness. Each day comes up with new challenges, new targets to be achieved. I do undergo a lot of stress at times. But hardly does it peep in through my behaviour at my workplace. Today also was much the same.

At evening I rushed home, gathering all the essentials required for the next day. I handled the forefront at the kitchen preparing and serving the dinner to my family. After the tiring day, I lied down on my bed. At once did I realise the dampness of the pillow cover. I got up to check if my little one had spilt water on it. But to my surprise it was not the water that had spilt but it was his tears that had dampened the cover. I touched his cheeks and could feel it wet too. This made my thoughts run wild

as to what could be the reason for him to cry? Very soon I recollected the incident of that evening... I was busy preparing the dinner, so that it could be served in time. It was then that this champ entered the kitchen and insisted me to see something, to which I ignored. Obviously thinking that serving dinner in time was my priority. He still continued to insist and I drove him away sternly for being adamant. He did go at that time without any complaint but that act of mine had hurt him somewhere deep in his heart. He went to bed weeping... May be he wanted to share something important that happened to him in school!

This incident turned to be an eye opener for me. Throughout the day I was trying to be so kind and polite to the people around me. I responded with a smile even to the strangers, if I bumped into them. But, I failed to do so to my own son. May be he needed a word of appreciation to boost his confidence or a loving hug which would assure him that his mother is proud of him. Only a little gesture of kindness and love was all that he wanted. Very often it so happens that we tend to take our near and dear ones for granted. We expect them to tolerate our mood swings and understand us. It is the need of the hour that we realise the importance of love, care and kindness towards our own family. Because in the long run, these values will help us to bind each other closer. These are the values which will help to build a person who is emotionally strong. These gestures are an assurance that, "Come what may we are there for you."

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# MEHUL SHROFF – AN INNOVATOR WITH SUSTAINABILITY

INTERVIEW BY  
PREETI SHARMA



Mr. Mehul Shroff

**M**ehul did a project on Entrepreneurship in his second year of MBA; during this time, he visited nearly 20-25 Entrepreneurs of diverse fields and learned about the start up's, but Mehul was not comfortable as he was searching for more in post agro harvesting and reached the conclusion that beginning something else in agribusiness, particularly in post harvesting, which has immense opportunities, and is still underexplored. Mehul Shroff was born and raised in the Madhya Pradesh area of Burhanpur, which is also noted for its exquisite banana crop.

Mehul Shroff, who comes from a prominent business family, has always had a passion for the environment and wanted to create biodegradable items to help conserve the environment, and after earning his MBA, he had a strong interest in the agriculture sector. However, Burhanpur, a district in Madhya Pradesh, is well-known for banana farming in the country. To begin this procedure, Mehul spoke with numerous farmers who were

active in banana production and discovered that they did not have any post-harvesting facilities although the entire tree only yielded 30% bananas, with the remaining 70% being waste, which was being burned by farmers and polluting the environment.

This was the tipping moment, and Mehul began his investigation into post-harvesting in 2017. Mehul considers that when you become an entrepreneur, only work and effort counts, and for a venture that is unconventional, you must divide your time into four sections, viz. Knowing market trend, future prospects, and who your existing and future customers are, and harmonizing everything accordingly. Individuals are becoming more environmentally conscious. So, in order to meet future demands for eco - friendly products, Mehul prioritized the notion of creating banana fiber through post-harvesting. Mehul began meeting with farmers and explaining how they might help save the environment by donating banana tree waste to his group.

Mehul and his employees are focusing on a mission that includes not only establishing a unit in Burhanpur and earning money, but also developing a unique company franchise in which the main artisans are farmers who play an



essential part in this business. His main goal is not to simply acquire their crop residue, but to be involved with them for a longer period of time and help them comprehend. He desired that the product be both marketable and environmentally friendly. Although it has not been an easy journey from 2018 to the present, there have been many struggles and lessons



learned. Praveen Singh, the district collector of Burhanpur, is his role model because the manner he guided him from the beginning has helped him a lot to get to this level as Mehul Shroff told to The HULAHUL Times.

Previously, banana extraction research was carried, but to make it feasible for the future was unknown. The district authority has approached The Navsari Agricultural University to look at the data of banana cultivation in Burhanpur and neighboring villages, as well as how post harvesting might be implemented. To have a better understanding, Mehul visited the National Banana Research Center in Tiruchirappalli and other sites, met various people involved in the very same activity, and afterwards learned the entire notion of Banana Extraction. He always feels that it is a project that involves innovation, and setting up a project that incorporates the residue or waste from a tree for years and connecting it with the future is a major effort in and of itself. He is certain that with an extensive research, one could create an infinite number of products from agricultural waste.

The current workforce consists of expertise people from the cotton textile industry and womens from adjacent villages who primarily work on handicrafts and utility products such as brooms. Other individuals encounter the development and marketing of Banana Fiber. Setting up a business in rural India is difficult in terms of getting people to comprehend it, but he is grateful to everyone who has helped him in every way.

There have been failures, which he

says have taught him a valuable lesson in managing and increasing business prospects. The initial stage of setting up the project and educating the farmers about the use of banana stems in eco-friendly products was difficult, but with time, things began to turn, and now the farmers voluntarily contact them for a residual portion. The continuous efforts are now paying the results that Burhanpur has been awarded as One District One Product because of Banana and its byproduct.

Mehul Shroff was awarded a grant from the Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojna, which enabled him to expand up this effort. Despite the fact that he is grateful to the farmers without whom this project would not be feasible, as well as the District and Madhya Pradesh governments for their ongoing support of starting needs in



developing sustainable lives. Besides from banana fibers, Mehul's ambition now includes a comprehensive understanding of the application of organic liquid fertilizer, which will be in high touch in the future, as well as the production of eco-friendly sanitary napkins from banana fiber. His ambition is to turn this endeavor into a team effort. He expresses gratitude to his colleagues, particularly Dharmendra Patil, whose significant knowledge is a key component of the project.

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## RBI'S APPROVAL ON HDFC MERGER WITH HDFC BANK

### Green signal by RBI's

HDFC has been told that they have also got RBI's approval for this merger. After this approval, HDFC Limited will be merged with HDFC Bank. This merger will be the biggest merger in India's banking history, as the total value of the bank will be around \$ 40 billion with this merger. With this merger, for each 25 shares of HDFC Ltd, shareholders will be given 42 shares of HDFC Bank. HDFC Bank had a market value of Rs 8.36 lakh crore and HDFC Ltd market cap of Rs 4.46 lakh crore as of April 1, 2022, whereas after the merger, its size would be 17.87 lakh crore, while the net worth of the bank would be around Rs 3.3 lakh crore.

### What will be the effect on customers?

There is concern in the minds of customers about the merger of HDFC Bank and HDFC, but let us tell you that they are going to benefit from this merger. Not only to the customers but also to the shareholders. With the merger of the two banks, HDFC shareholders will get 42 shares of HDFC Bank instead of 25 shares. The profit to the shareholders will increase. At present, the shareholders hold 41 per cent in HDFC Bank, whereas after the merger, the entire ownership of HDFC Bank will be in the hands of public shareholders.

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## ED IN ACTION - VIVO SENT RS 62476 CRORE TO CHINA

The Enforcement Directorate (ED) is tending the mesh around the Chinese mobile manufacturer Vivo. ED has raided 48 locales of 23 companies linked to Vivo. The company is facing serious charges of tax avoidance. At the same time, it has been revealed in the information that to save duty, Chinese mobile manufacturer Vivo India transferred half of its development i.e. about Rs 62476 crore to China.

According to PTI, Vivo India remitted half of its earnings to its parent company Vivo to avoid duty. Now the ED is tending the mesh on the company in the case of duty elusion. While raids are being conducted in different services of the

company, a quantum of 465 crores has been seized from 119 bank accounts of Vivo India.

The ED contended that several Chinese citizens and workers of Vivo India weren't cooperating with the platoon probing the matter. Efforts are being made by Vivo to remove the digital bias kept as substantiation and hide the evidences. At the same time, since July 5, ED has searched 48 locales of 23 companies associated with Vivo and numerous important documents have been set up in the hands of ED.

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## PETROL WILL BE BANNED IN INDIA IN THE COMING 5 YEARS- NITIN GADKARI

Union Minister for Transport, Road Transport and Highways Nitin Gadkari has made a big statement amid rising prices of petrol, saying that there should be a petrol ban in India in the coming five years. While people in the country are troubled by the rising oil prices, they're getting surprised by the speech of the Union Minister. In fact, on Friday, Union Minister Nitin Gadkari made a big statement saying that in the coming five years in India, petrol won't be there in the country. He said that petrol will be banned in India in the coming times.

Gadkari's declaration is being related to the future of electric vehicles. Actually Nitin Gadkari has always been accentuating on electric vehicles. At the same time, the central government is also endorsing electric vehicles. With this announcement of Nitin Gadkari, it's stressed that in the coming times, the government will give further prominence to EVs.

Actually, Union Minister Nitin Gadkari had participated in the convocation ceremony of Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Agricultural University in Akola, Maharashtra. While attending this function, during his speech he spoke about other alternatives of petrol. He said that bio-ethanol is now being used in vehicles in India. He further said that because of government's decision to use ethanol, the country has saved Rs. 20,000 crores annually. He stated that the day isn't far-off when vehicles will run on green hydrogen, ethanol and CNG. He said that green hydrogen is being prepared in the well. This green hydrogen is being supplied at precious prices. It costs up to Rs 70 per kg. He asked the farmers to become energy benefactors rather than inly being the food benefactors.

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HDFC Limited (HDFC) is going to be merged with the country's largest private sector bank HDFC Bank. The Reserve Bank of India has also given green signal to this merger. After the news of the merger of banks, questions have started arising in the minds of lakhs of customers about what will be the effect on them after this merger. The merger is likely to be completed by the second or third quarter of 2024. That is, by next year, the country's largest housing finance company HDFC Ltd will merge with the country's largest private bank HDFC Bank.

### The merger of HDFC

Bank and HDFC has been approved by the Reserve Bank of India. HDFC had announced the merger plan on April 4, after which the merger of the two banks was approved by NSE and BSE on July 2. After which on July 4, now the Reserve Bank of India has also issued a letter and given no objection. After getting the green signal from the RBI, now these two banks will be merged. This merger is considered to be the biggest merger of the Indian banking industry.



## THE AMAZON RAINFOREST HAS SEEN THE HIGHEST PACE OF DEFORESTATION IN SIX YEARS



**B**etween January and June, 3,988 square kilometres (1,540 square miles) of land were cleared in the area. 3,088 square kilometres of the rainforest were decimated in the same time frame last year. The Amazon absorbs a significant amount of greenhouse gases from the atmosphere and is crucial to the oxygen and carbon dioxide cycles on Earth. Environmentalists accuse Brazil's right-wing president, Jair Bolsonaro, of rolling back environmental protections of being to blame for the rising levels of deforestation.

Despite failing to mention the increase in deforestation, Brazil's environment ministry claimed that it had been aggressive in combating environmental crimes. Amazon deforestation reached record levels in January. The Amazon is the largest rainforest in the world, but its trees are cut down for their wood and to make room for crops that supply major food corporations. According to Dr. Manoela Machado from the University of Oxford, the high rate of deforestation is also fueling more fires than usual for this time of year. The region, which is abundant in biodiversity, is also home to communities who claim they must use the forest for mining and commercial farming in order to survive. Indigenous communities fighting to preserve the Amazon rainforest and their way of life at the same time. Researchers came to the conclusion that the Amazon rainforest's condition is deteriorating in March after analysing satellite data spanning more than three decades. Over 100 governments pledged to halt and reverse deforestation by 2030 at the COP26 climate change summit in Glasgow last year.

## ACCORDING TO INDIA'S COMMERCE MINISTER, A TRADE AGREEMENT WILL MOST LIKELY BE CONCLUDED "IN THE NEXT MONTHS"

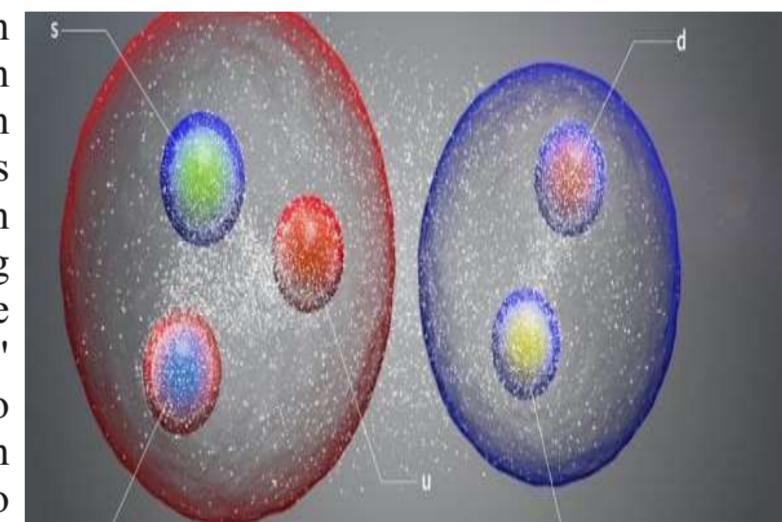


**I**ndia's commerce minister, Piyush Goyal, claims that the country is on track to complete a comprehensive trade agreement with the UK by October 2022. He said that almost half of the 26 chapters of the agreement are already "dusted and ready" and will be finished "within the next few months." The agreement is anticipated to increase market access for products like British whisky and Indian textiles while also potentially allowing skilled

workers and students from India to migrate to the UK. The government will reach an agreement with the sixth-largest economy in the world by Diwali in October, according to caretaker prime minister Boris Johnson, whose latest round of negotiations are taking place this month. This timetable may or may not continue under his as-yet-unidentified successor, but negotiations will probably go on regardless of who occupies Downing Street. This month, UK negotiators will visit New Delhi to resume formal negotiations and talk about economic issues like India's significant trade barriers against the City of London's financial services industry. It was "a good sign," according to a senior source at the Department for International Trade (DIT), that India's government last year lowered trade restrictions on foreign insurance companies, allowing them to increase their investment levels in the nation. But according to Subhash Arora, the head of the Indian Wine Academy, the British government's demands for reduced tariffs on cars and Scotch whisky are a sticking point in the negotiations. He calls whisky duties in particular a "pain point."

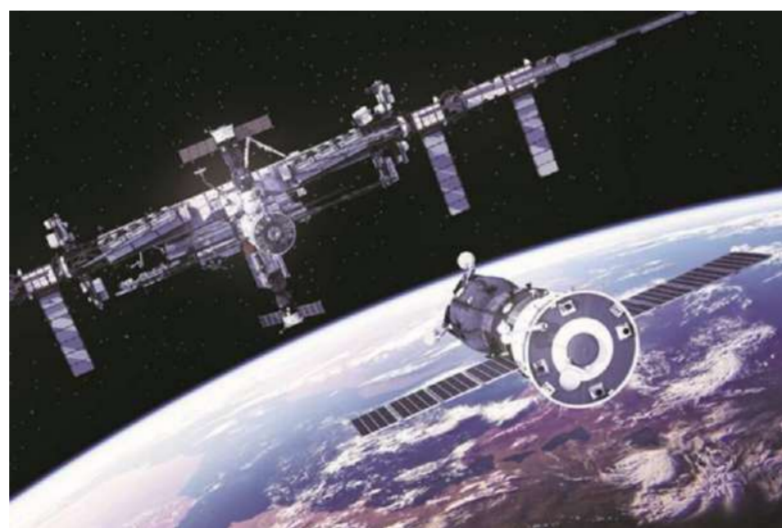
## RESEARCHERS DETECT PREVIOUSLY UNKNOWN "EXOTIC" PARTICLES AT THE CERN COLLIDER

**T**hree previously unseen subatomic particles have been seen by scientists at the Cern in Geneva's Large Hadron Collider (LHC). As scientists started smashing protons with record-breaking energy in the 27 km long tunnel in Geneva, subatomic particles were observed. The newly found "pentaquark" and the first pair of "tetraquarks," which also contains a new type of tetraquark, will aid in the understanding of how quarks combine to form these composite particles. It should be



noted that quarks are elementary particles that typically combine to form hadrons, such as the protons and neutrons that make up atomic nuclei, in groups of two and three. A charm quark and a charm antiquark are found in most exotic hadrons that have been found in the last 20 years, with an up, down, or strange quark or one of its antiquarks making up the other two or three quarks. The new experiments were conducted at the European Organization for Nuclear Research (Cern) following a three-year hiatus during which time physicists from all over the world worked to improve the facility for higher-energy collisions. The facility has reached record energy levels of 13.6 trillion electronvolts thanks to the collisions. The potential for discovery is enormous and could have a major impact on the field of fundamental particle physics as the proton beams are accelerated and brought into collision with one another. Ten years ago, on July 4, 2012, the Higgs Boson was discovered. Since then, we have learned more about the universe and the fundamental forces that govern its expansion and evolution.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION RECEIVES NEW GARBAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS



**T**he International Space Station (ISS) has been used by NASA to test a brand-new waste management system created by Texas-based Nanoracks. The test showed a more effective and environmentally friendly method of removing waste from the ISS, and it may prove to be a crucial new utility feature for all upcoming space stations. Typically, ISS astronauts gather trash and keep it there for months while they wait for the Cygnus cargo ship to reach the station. A "disposable" spacecraft called Cygnus is used to deliver supplies to the space station. Astronauts load it up with trash bags after its primary mission is finished, then they let go of the spacecraft. It then deorbits and re-enters Earth's atmosphere, where it burns up completely. The new idea created by Nanopracks makes use of a specially made waste container mounted in the Bishop Airlock. It can hold about 270 kilogrammes of waste, which the crew can fill it with. When the container is finally released, it completely burns up upon re-entry into Earth's atmosphere, just like the Cygnus method. Since the astronauts do not have to wait for the cargo spacecraft to arrive in order to dispose of waste, it is thought that this method is more effective and sustainable. The container held about 78 kilogrammes of waste during the first test, including foam, packing materials, cargo transfer bags, soiled crew clothing, hygiene products, and used office supplies.



## VERMA UPSETS EVERYONE AND WINS THE BRONZE MEDAL FOR THE MIXED TEAM WITH JYOTHI



**A**t the World Games in Birmingham, Alabama, Abhishek Verma shocked world No. 1 and former world champion Mike Schloesser in the quarterfinal by charging into the men's compound archery semifinals. In the mixed team competition, Verma and Jyothi Surekha Vennam advanced to the bronze medal match. Verma, 33, qualified in ninth place with a score of 707, six points behind Schloesser, the top seed. Verma defeated

American Ben Thompson in the opening round to set up a matchup with Estonian Robin Jaatma in the second round. The two archers shot perfect 30s in each of the first three ends of a close match before Verma shot 29 to Jaatma's 30 in the fourth end. Verma managed to shoot two bullseyes and a 10 in the final end while Jaatma shot 28 to give the Indian a 149-148 victory despite being under pressure. Verma's opponent in the quarterfinal was "Mr Perfect" Schloesser, who had defeated Kim Taeyoon in the second round with a flawless 150, living up to his moniker. However, Verma shot a perfect 30, while the Dutch world No. 1 shot a nine and two Xs in his opening end. Verma shot two 30s either side of a 29 in the third end of a match with excellent shooting, but Schloesser continued to rack up 30s to tie the score brilliantly at 149-149 and force a shootout. In the one-arrow shootoff, both archers scored 10, but Verma prevailed because his arrow was the closest to the target.

## SARAYU WINS THE TS JUNIOR U-19 GIRLS CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP, WHILE INDIAN GM INIYAN TAKES SECOND PLACE IN A CHESS EVENT IN FRANCE

**A**t the Telangana State Junior Under-19 Girls Chess Championship, which was held at the Hyderabad Boat Club in Hyderabad, Velpula Sarayu upset third-seeded D Nigamasree to win. Sai Mahathi Alapati, the fourth seed, was defeated by G Sahithya to take second place. Sai Janani Pothula and Sai Mahathi Alapati accepted third- and fourth-place finishes, respectively. Telangana State will be represented at the upcoming National Junior Girls Championship by the top four competitors in the competition. P Iniyana, a young grandmaster from India, came in second place at the 2022 La Plagne International Open Chess Tournament. The 19-year-old GM tied for first place with Ukraine's Vitaly Sivuk after scoring 7 points from nine rounds. However, the Ukrainian took home the top prize thanks to a higher tie-break score. Sayantan Das of India finished third with 6.5 points. Through the nine rounds, Iniyana went undefeated, winning five games and drawing four others. In round six, one of the draws was against Sivuk. After five rounds, he had a score of 4.5 after starting with a win, but three consecutive draws in rounds six, seven, and eight knocked him back. Iniyana increased his rating by 10 points and reached seven points after defeating Austrian GM Andreas Diermair. Das, on the other hand, finished half a point behind the pair with four victories and five draws, including victories over Iniyana and Sivuk. 95 competitors from 19 different nations made up the tournament field, including 9 General Managers and 18 International Masters. Try telling that to the defeated Dockrell in the moment he realised he wouldn't get the treasure at the end after all the hard work. In the end, it was Ireland who won hearts. But up until that last second, Ireland had successfully combined style, substance, guts, a big heart, and a lot of struggle. A fantastic victory is just 5 runs away.

## PRANNOY HAS RE-ENTERED THE WORLD'S TOP 20



**H**. S. Prannoy, a prominent Indian shuttler, reclaimed his spot in the top 20 on Tuesday thanks to his steady performance on the international stage this year. The 29-year-old Keralan, who was instrumental in India's historic Thomas Cup victory in May, rose two spots to number 19 in the men's singles rankings. Prannoy, who achieved a career-high ranking of eight in 2018, has been one of the male shuttlers on the circuit with the most consistency, appearing in a number of quarterfinals and semifinals this year. He is now the third-ranked Indian male shuttler in the world, behind Kidambi Srikanth(10) and

Lakshya Sen(11th). Prannoy beat Tokyo Olympian B. Sai Praneeth after reaching the Swiss Open finals in March (20th). P V Sindhu, a two-time Olympic medalist, remained in seventh place on the most recent chart, and Saina Nehwal maintained her position of 24th. Ashwini Ponnappa and N Sikki Reddy fell one spot to 24th place in the men's doubles rankings, while Chirag Shetty and Satwiksairaj Rankireddy remained steady at eighth. Along with others, 2014 Commonwealth Games champion Parupalli Kashyap moved up three spots to No. 36 in the world rankings thanks to his performance in the Malaysia Open Super 750 event's second round. The other two Indians among the top 50 were the Verma brothers, Sameer and Sourabh. Sourabh moved up to position 44, while Sameer remained in position 29.

## SPIRITED INDIA GO DOWN FIGHTING, NZ WIN 4-3

**C**hina held India to a 1-1 draw on Tuesday at the FIH Women's Hockey World Cup in Amstelveen, marking their second consecutive identical performance in Pool B. Before Vandana Katariya of India tied the score in the 45th minute, Jiali Zheng of China had given her team the lead in the 26th minute. In their opening match of the competition, India drew 1-1 with bronze medalist England from the Tokyo Olympics. In the first two quarters, the Indians had a higher percentage of possession and more opportunities, but their efforts did not result in goals. In their third Pool B match against New Zealand, a brave Team India gave it their all but lost 3-4. The crossovers that will occur in Spain will now be played. Gurjit Kaur cut the deficit to one goal in the dying seconds of the game, but New Zealand held on to a slim lead and, with the victory, advanced to the quarterfinals. A minute before the third quarter ended, Lalremsiami scored for India. A minute later, Olivia Merry scored again for New Zealand, making the score 4-2 in their favour. Minutes into the second half, New Zealand's Frances Davies scored a third goal to make the score 3-1 in favour of her team. Vandana Katariya gave India the early advantage in the first half, scoring in the game's fourth minute alone, before Merry converted a penalty corner to tie the score. Tess Jopp scored another goal late in the first half to give New Zealand a 2-1 advantage at the break.





## EXPERT



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## FAQs ON STRESS MANAGEMENT

### Q1. What is the difference between reaction and response?

**Ans.** Reaction is defined as an act in answer to something to act or change in a particular way when something occurs. Reactions are done on impulse, without putting much thought into it or considering what the end effect may be. A reaction and a response may appear exactly similar. But they sense diverse:

- Reaction is rapid but response takes time.
- Reaction is emotion-filled but response eliminates all emotion.
- Reaction is often forceful but response lets for assertiveness without antagonism.
- Reacting is a impulsive answer that is driven by sentiments. On the other hand response is more considerate and done with logic.
- A reaction is instant but a response on the other hand usually comes more slowly.
- Reaction is guided by emotions but Response is guided rationality and logic.

- Reaction is driven by the beliefs, biases, and prejudices of the unconscious mind. The conscious mind and unconscious mind both influence response.

**We can develop skill to respond well. Let us discuss few easy steps to convert reaction to response:**

- **Take a Pause:** The moment you become aware of you are triggered, take a second to pause and breathe. For example, the minute someone speaks something that upsets you and you observe your energy change, take a deep breath.
- **Understand Your Emotions:** Name what you're feeling. Is it irritation, frustration, unhappiness, pain? Identifying how we feel can help us process our emotions well.
- **Know the reason and ask why:** Asking yourself these questions: "Why was I triggered? What actually triggered me?" The reply to these questions can assist bring awareness to what's beneath the shell. For example, it might not be what the person said that hurt you but rather that it reminded you of a different remembrance or maybe you are simply more sensitive at present than the past.
- **Choose A Mindful Response:** Learning mindfulness is where the difference is made! Consider the information about the circumstances over the emotion. It's important to share about your understanding.
- **Empower Yourself:** Empower yourself to move nearer towards your values and goals by responding from the peacemaker position. Become aware of how pausing impacts your body and your anxious system. Observe how responding versus reacting impacts your relations and how you feel about yourself!

Responding takes into consideration the needed result of the interaction. A reaction may result in a positive or negative result whereas a response is engineered to create a positive or negative outcome. Reacting is emotional, responding is emotional intelligence. When you REACT, you are giving away your power. When you RESPOND, you are staying in control of yourself.

The option of reacting or responding is completely in your control. Situations may not be in your control, but your consequent response is within your control. Your actions are the way to express your thoughts and it can turn out best for all if you just pause and think for a minute. A life of proactive responses will result in a more positive life. Use your power to show up to situations, respond to it and choose happiness. Live your life with grace, Stay blessed!

## AN INITIATIVE OF HULAHUL FOUNDATION

# FEELING STRESSED? NEED A SOLUTION



## Ask the EXPERT

The HULAHUL Times is giving an opportunity to our readers who find that stress is affecting their daily life and needs professional help; can ask maximum two(2) questions to our panel of professional experts and counselors and get advice and health tips from them.

Every Monday you will get answers to your questions which will be published in our E-newspaper without revealing your identity.

Just get ready with your questions and email it on [stressmanagementhulahul@gmail.com](mailto:stressmanagementhulahul@gmail.com)

or DM your questions on our instagram handle [@hulahul\\_foundation](https://www.instagram.com/hulahul_foundation).

**Please note:**  
Only selected questions will be answered

**Keep reading**



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# QUIZ TIME

1. Who has been named as India's next G-20 Sherpa, after Piyush Goyal?
2. Where will the '2022 Global Biodiversity Conclave' be held?
3. What firm initiated the 'Startup School India (SSI)' initiative?
4. Which field is related with the recently launched Dr. Rajendra Prasad Memorial Award?
5. Which state is Shivangi Sharma, a great swimmer who won five gold medals in the Khelo India Youth Games?
6. Which cricketer will be granted honorary citizenship by the Pakistani government?
7. Which of the following are not Access Database Objects?
8. In the recently revealed Swachh Survekshan League 2020 results, which city was rated the cleanest?
9. The world's largest fresh water fish, known as "Boramy," was discovered in \_\_?
10. After the resignation of Uddhav Thakarey, who has been sworn in as the new Chief Minister of Maharashtra?

## 🤔 GUESS

### The Places of Mumbai

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2. 🐭 ✖️ 🏭
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4. 🎅 🚢
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- Answers**
1. Amitabh Kant
  2. Bonn
  3. Google
  4. Public Administration
  5. Assam
  6. Darren Sammy
  7. Pivot table
  8. Indore
  9. Cambodia
  10. Eknath Shinde

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5. Bandra
6. Dadar
7. Marine Drive

**Answers**

### Good News!!

Aspiring young writers & artists from 10years & above are invited to share their articles & creative work with **THE HULAHUL TIMES** Mail your article & creative Work on [hulahulgrp@gmail.com](mailto:hulahulgrp@gmail.com)